

# West Virginia University at Parkersburg

## 2022 Annual Campus Security Report

---

### About the Campus Police Department

At West Virginia University at Parkersburg, the Campus Police have the same law enforcement authority as deputy sheriffs on college property. Our Department is respected by local, state, and federal law enforcement agencies and has developed very effective and cooperative working relations with these agencies. The Campus Police are charged with the responsibility for investigation, follow-up, apprehension, and resolution of any crime reported to us. Crimes involving sexual misconduct will be investigated by Campus Police when requested by the victim and reported to the institution's Title IX Coordinator for appropriate follow up. It is critical that all members of the community report crimes promptly and accurately. Employee reporting obligations are set forth in [Policy B-62, Mandatory Reporters](#), which mandates reporting by employees of concerning behaviors, discrimination, harassment and crimes.

The Campus Police, through news releases, brochures and publications, presentations, and one-on-one encounters encourage the accurate and prompt reporting of not only crimes on campus, but any suspicious activity or security breach that may be witnessed by the public.

The Campus Police believe in and practice community-based policing. We feel very strongly the need for community involvement and support. We provide information concerning security to new employees during their orientation and to new students through orientation presentations. We also have information in the Employee and Student Handbooks, telephone directories, and other publications.

All of these programs are ongoing and are incorporated into our patrol activities with insecure premises reporting, crime prevention briefings with incident reporting, and individual instruction by patrol officers to the public.

### CRIME AWARENESS AND CAMPUS SECURITY

The mission of the Campus Police Department is to provide a safe and secure environment for everyone at West Virginia University at Parkersburg. This publication is designed to provide you with information regarding the security programs offered at this institution, and your responsibility to promote safety.

West Virginia University at Parkersburg has taken prudent steps to promote a safe and secure environment that is compatible with the college community's academic and co-curricular pursuits. We solicit your support in making our college community safe and secure by accepting responsibility for your actions and committing to participate in programs to assist others.

No institution can guarantee the total safety and security of all its members. Only through community support and involvement can we be successful in achieving our goal. We ask you to help us by not taking unnecessary risks, by locking your cars and securing the facilities when you leave, and reporting any suspicious activity or crime immediately. Together, we can help make West Virginia University at Parkersburg a more safe and secure environment for the community.

### CRIME REPORTING AND RESPONSE

At West Virginia University at Parkersburg we are members of the 911 Emergency Services Network. You may contact our Campus Police by dialing 9-911 from any College exchange or 911 from your personal cell phone. Also, for your safety, we have 3 emergency phones located on our campus in the parking lots.

We strongly encourage you to report all crimes or suspicious activities that you may witness while on campus. Our department will make every reasonable effort to promptly and professionally resolve any problem reported to us.

The Campus Police Department is charged with collecting statistics and preparing the Jeanne Clery Act Report. The department collects the data from various sources including the Title IX Coordinator, Office of Academic and Student Affairs, and the Wood County Sheriff's Department.

The Campus Police Department will provide timely notices of crimes by providing daily news releases to the local media and when deemed a significant threat, we will make special notices in the effected facilities and by personal communications.

## **SECURITY, ACCESS, AND FACILITIES MAINTENANCE**

We strive to make our facilities available to students, faculty, and staff so they may pursue their educational goals and missions. This availability requires a balance with security needs. It is not our desire to lock down all our facilities, giving a military appearance to College facilities. For this reason, many of our units are accessible during all hours with appropriate clearance.

The WVU at Parkersburg campus is among the safest in the country. Our Campus Police Department monitors all parts of campus. Though rarely needed, the 3 emergency phones located in the parking lots summon emergency help quickly.

The Campus Police & Security Department, Physical Plant Director and others are committed to maintaining a safe environment by evaluating lighting, shrubs and bushes and facility design. We encourage you to report any hazards or concerns to our office by dialing 235 on campus phones, or 304-424-8235 on non-campus phones.

## **Policy on Alcoholic Beverages/Illegal Drugs**

According to Board of Governors [Policy A-18, Alcoholic Beverages on Campus](#), the possession or use of alcoholic beverages is prohibited on or in WVUP property or facilities except as permitted regarding the sale of non-intoxicating beer or where the serving of wine, beer or other alcoholic beverages is approved by the institutional president or his/her designee, on a case by case basis, consistent with the following rules:

- Wine, beer or other alcoholic beverages will never be the primary reason for the gathering.
- The preponderance of those attending must be of legal drinking age.
- No person under the legal drinking age will be served.
- Alternative non-alcoholic beverages and food will be served.
- No person under the age of eighteen (18) will be allowed to serve wine, beer or other alcoholic beverages, and servers must be appropriately trained to adhere to all laws and regulations regarding the serving of wine, beer or other alcoholic beverages.
- No state funds will be used to purchase wine, beer or other alcoholic beverages.

The selling of beer, wine, or other alcoholic beverages to the general public during athletic events is prohibited.

## GENERAL STATE LAWS

Possession or consumption of alcoholic beverages, including beer, by anyone under the age of twenty-one is a violation of the West Virginia Alcohol Beverage Control Commission statute. It is also a violation of this same statute for anyone to buy for, or give to, anyone under the age of twenty-one any alcoholic beverages, including beer or for anyone under the age of twenty-one to misrepresent his or her age, or who for such purpose presents or offers any written evidence of age which is false, fraudulent or not actually his or her own.

## Drug-Free Workplace Policy

West Virginia University at Parkersburg has adopted and implemented a policy and program to prevent the unlawful possession, use, or distribution of illicit drugs and alcohol by students and employees. The institution has established awareness programs for students, faculty, and staff through the Health and Wellness Center, the Employee Assistance Resource program, and the Student Health & Wellness/Against Tobacco Coalition. Educational programs have been established by the Health and Wellness Center and the Student Health & Wellness/Against Tobacco Coalition for the purpose of educating employees and students regarding the nature and consequences of drug and alcohol dependency and/or abuse. These programs also address the dangers of alcohol and drug abuse in the workplace, as well as provide appropriate information, education, consultation, and referral.

The Campus Police enforce State and Federal laws as they may apply to violations occurring on West Virginia University at Parkersburg property. Enforcement is measured against the best interest of society and the individual, and where treatment may serve the larger need, treatment is preferred.

## Registered Sex Offender information

The State of West Virginia requires sex offenders to register with the State Police. The State makes this information available to law enforcement agencies. This information is available to the public at the following website: <https://apps.wv.gov/StatePolice/SexOffender>

## Reporting Crimes and Other Emergencies

The Clery Act does not establish an obligation for Campus Police to conduct an investigation of reported crimes, only to report the crime as a statistic following Clery Act guidelines. In some cases, Campus Police may also be required to release a timely warning to the community about a threat to the community. In such cases, an initial investigation or determination of the nature of the threat may be conducted, after which a warning will be issued immediately. **Policy B-62, Mandatory Reporters**, mandates reporting by all employees of concerning behaviors, discrimination, harassment and crimes. As required by the Clery Act, the following crimes must be reported to the Campus Police Department without delay:

- Murder & Non-Negligent Manslaughter
- Negligent Manslaughter
- Robbery
- Aggravated Assault
- Burglary
- Motor Vehicle Theft
- Arson
- Weapon Law Violations
- Drug Abuse Violations

- Liquor Law Violations
- Hate Crimes\*
- Sex Offenses, including rape, fondling, incest, and statutory rape
- Dating violence
- Domestic violence
- Stalking

The Campus Police also collect and report statistics for hate crimes when victims of murder, sex offenses, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, motor vehicle theft, manslaughter, arson, theft, simple assault, intimidation, and destruction of property, are intentionally selected because of actual or perceived race, gender, religion, national origin, sexual orientation, gender identity, ethnicity, or disability of the victim.

Hate crimes and crimes involving sex offenses, dating or domestic violence, or stalking (when relationship-based) are also violations of the institution's nondiscrimination policies and must be reported promptly to the Social Justice Officer/Title IX Coordinator at 304-424-8212 or to [Social.Justice@wvup.edu](mailto:Social.Justice@wvup.edu).

Any individual may report an incident alleging criminal conduct by calling 9-1-1 (9-9-1-1 from a campus telephone) in an emergency or by contacting the WVUP Campus Police Department:

Lt. Allen Collins, Campus Police Officer, Lead  
 Room 1405, West Virginia University at Parkersburg  
 300 Campus Drive  
 Parkersburg, WV 26104  
[Al.Collins@wvup.edu](mailto:Al.Collins@wvup.edu)  
 (304) 424-8235

Crimes may also be reported to local law enforcement:

Parkersburg Police Department	304-424-8444
Vienna Police Department	304-295-8563
Williamstown Police Department	304-375-4935
Ripley Police Department	304-372-4711
Ravenswood Police Department	304-273-3500
Wood Co. Sheriff's Office	304-424-1834
Jackson County Sheriff's Office	304-373-2290
W. Va. State Police – Wood County	304-420-4600
W. Va. State Police – Jackson County	304-372-7850

A victim of sexual assault is encouraged, but not required to file a complaint with campus or other local law enforcement. All other concerning and disruptive behaviors must be timely reported to the Threat Assessment Team using the online incident [reporting form](#).

## Defining Sexual Misconduct, Domestic/Dating Violence, and Stalking

[Policy A-44](#), *Sexual Misconduct and Other Forms of Discrimination and Harassment*, prohibits sexual misconduct and harassment and includes these definitions:

**CONSENT** means informed, knowing, voluntary and clear permission, through mutually understandable word or action, to engage in mutually agreed upon sexual activity. Pursuant to [W. Va. Code § 61-8B-2](#), a lack of consent results from: (1) forcible compulsion; (2) incapacity to consent; or (3) if the complaint charges sexual abuse, any circumstances in addition to the forcible compulsion or incapacity to consent in which the victim does not expressly or impliedly acquiesce in the actor's conduct. A person is deemed incapable of consent when such person is: (1) less than sixteen years old; (2) mentally defective; (3) mentally incapacitated; or (4) physically helpless.

Since individuals may experience the same interaction in different ways, it is the responsibility of each party to make certain that the other has consented before engaging in the sexual activity. For consent to be valid, there must be a clear expression in words or actions that the other individual consented to that specific sexual activity.

A person cannot consent if he or she is unable to understand what is happening or is disoriented, helpless, asleep, or unconscious for any reason, including due to alcohol or other drugs. An individual who engages in sexual activity when the individual knows, or should know, that the other person is physically or mentally incapacitated has violated this policy. It is not an excuse that the individual initiating or furthering the sexual misconduct was intoxicated and, therefore, did not realize the incapacity of the other. This also includes a person whose incapacity results from mental disability, age, involuntary physical restraint, and/or from the taking of incapacitating drugs.

Consent to some sexual contact, such as kissing or fondling, cannot be presumed to be consent for other sexual activity, such as intercourse. A current or previous dating relationship is not sufficient to constitute consent. The existence of consent is based on the totality of the circumstances, including the context in which the alleged incident occurred and any similar previous patterns that may be evidenced. Silence or the absence of resistance alone is not consent. A person can withdraw consent at any time during sexual activity by expressing in words or actions that he or she no longer wants the act to continue, and, if that happens, the other person must stop immediately.

In the State of West Virginia, a minor cannot consent to sexual activity. Thus, sexual contact by an adult with a person younger than 16 years old is a crime as well as a violation of this policy, even if the minor wanted to engage in the act.

**SEXUAL MISCONDUCT** terms are defined as follows:

- Sexual Harassment means any unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, and other verbal, visual, or physical conduct of a sexual/gendered nature. A form of sexual harassment occurs when submission to such conduct is made either explicitly or implicitly a term or condition of an individual's employment or academic status, submission to or rejection of such conduct by an individual is used as the basis of employment or academic decisions affecting such individual, or such conduct creates a Hostile Environment.
- Non-Consensual Sexual Contact means any intentional Sexual Touching, however slight, including with any object, by a person upon another person that is without consent and/or by force.
- Non-Consensual Sexual Intercourse means any Sexual Penetration or intercourse (anal, oral or vaginal), however slight, with any object, by a person upon another person, that is without consent and/or by force.
- Sexual Exploitation means a situation in which a person takes non-consensual or abusive sexual advantage of another, and situations in which the conduct does not fall within the definitions of Sexual Harassment, Non-Consensual Sexual Intercourse, or Non-Consensual Sexual Contact. The term includes, but is not limited to, the following situations:

- Sexual voyeurism, such as watching a person undressing, using the bathroom or engaging in sexual acts without the consent of the person observed;
  - Taking pictures or video or audio recording another in a sexual act, or in any other private activity without the consent of all involved in the activity, or exceeding the boundaries of consent, such as allowing another person to hide in a closet and observe sexual activity, or disseminating sexual pictures without the photographed person's consent;
  - Prostitution;
  - Engaging in sexual activity with another person while knowingly infected with human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) or other sexually transmitted disease (STD) and without informing the other person of the infection; and
  - Administering alcohol or drugs (such as date rape drugs) to another person without his or her knowledge or consent for the purpose of engaging in sexually-related activity with that person.
- Sexual Touching means any bodily contact with the breasts, groin, genitals, mouth or other bodily orifice of another individual, or any other bodily contact in a sexual manner.
  - Sexual Penetration means vaginal or anal penetration by a penis, tongue, finger or object, or oral copulation by mouth to genital contact or genital to mouth contact.

**DOMESTIC OR DATING VIOLENCE** means the occurrence of any of the following acts/conditions between those in or having previously been in an intimate relationship to each other, including dating, domestic and/or any other intimate relationship.

- Attempting to cause or intentionally, knowingly or recklessly causing physical harm to another with or without dangerous or deadly weapons;
- Placing another in reasonable apprehension of physical harm;
- Creating fear of physical harm by harassment, stalking, psychological abuse or threatening acts;
- Committing sexual assault, sexual abuse, domestic battery or domestic assault as those terms are defined under West Virginia criminal law;
- Holding, confining, detaining or abducting another person against that person's will.

**STALKING** means a course of conduct (i.e., repetitive and/or menacing pursuit, following, harassment and/or interference with the peace and/or safety of another) directed at a specific person that is unwelcome and would cause a reasonable person to feel fear.

## What To Do If You Are Sexually Assaulted

If you are raped or sexually assaulted, you should take the following steps:

- Get medical attention immediately.
- Don't bathe or douche.
- Save your clothing.
- Report the incident to the police even if you decide not to prosecute.
- Take advantage of available resources and support systems.

Sexual assaults are very serious incidents and as a member of our community, we need your active involvement in preventing or reducing the opportunities for sexual assaults. Report any suspicious activities to the Campus Police, and be alert while on campus.

## Medical Treatment and Counseling Information

For rape evidence collection, seek medical assistance within 72 hours of sexual assault. Medical treatment can be obtained by dialing 9-1-1 or visiting:

WVU Medicine Camden Clark Medical Center Emergency Room  
800 Garfield Avenue  
Parkersburg, WV 26101  
304-424-2111

WVU Medicine Jackson General Hospital Emergency Room  
122 Pinnell Street  
Ripley WV 25271  
304-372-2731

Wood County Health Department (Free, confidential testing for sexually transmitted diseases, incl. HIV)  
304-485-7374

Counseling assistance can be obtained twenty-four hours a day, seven days a week from:

Family Crisis Intervention Center  
Parkersburg, WV 26101  
Hotline: 1-800-794-2335 or 304-428-2333  
<https://www.facebook.com/Family-Crisis-Intervention-Center-1610667945624585/>

Rape, Abuse and Incest National Network's Sexual Assault Hotline  
1-800-656-HOPE (4673)  
<http://www.rainn.org/>

Westbrook Health Services, Inc.  
Crisis Hotline: 304-485-1725 (within Wood Co.) or 1-800-579-5844 (outside Wood Co.)  
[www.westbrookhealth.com](http://www.westbrookhealth.com)

West Virginia State Domestic Violence Hotline: 1-800-352-6513

National Domestic Violence Hotline: 1-800-799-SAFE

The college also offers preliminary counseling services on campus (Parkersburg and Ripley):

Kurt Klettner, Director of Student Support Services  
Room 1019A, West Virginia University at Parkersburg  
300 Campus Drive  
Parkersburg, WV 26104  
Phone: (304) 424-8388 Email: [Kurt.Klettner@wvup.edu](mailto:Kurt.Klettner@wvup.edu)

## Filing Disciplinary Complaints

A complaint against a student, employee, or visitor that alleges sexual assault, domestic violence between partners, dating violence, gender-based stalking, hate crimes or any other violation of [Policy A-44](#), *Sexual Misconduct and Other Forms of Discrimination and Harassment*, should be directed to:

Mary Bentz, Title IX Coordinator  
Room 1017, West Virginia University at Parkersburg  
300 Campus Drive  
Parkersburg, WV 26104  
Phone: (304) 424-8212 Email: [mary.bentz@wvup.edu](mailto:mary.bentz@wvup.edu)

A complaint against a student that alleges a violation of [Policy D-46](#), *Code of Student Conduct*, **not** related to sexual misconduct, hate crimes or discrimination, should be directed to:

David Lancaster, Vice President for Academic Affairs  
Room 1209, West Virginia University at Parkersburg  
300 Campus Drive  
Parkersburg, WV 26104  
Phone: (304) 424-8346 Email: [david.lancaster@wvup.edu](mailto:david.lancaster@wvup.edu)



A complaint against an employee alleging a violation of the college's safety plan, emergency procedures, or other policy **not** related to sexual misconduct, hate crimes or discrimination should be directed to the employee's supervisor who can be identified by:

Mary Bentz, Executive Director of Human Resources and Compliance  
Room 1017, West Virginia University at Parkersburg  
300 Campus Drive  
Parkersburg, WV 26104  
Phone: (304) 424-8212 Email: [mary.bentz@wvup.edu](mailto:mary.bentz@wvup.edu)

## Interim Measures

Interim measures may be implemented without prior notice to the accused whenever there is reason to believe, based on available facts, that the continued presence of the individual poses a substantial threat to others, to college property, or to the stability and continuance of normal college functions. At any point in the complaint process the respondent may be placed on investigative leave, reassigned, temporarily suspended from classes, issued a "no contact" directive, or subjected to other types of temporary measures by the investigating administrator while an investigation is pending and/or until the final disposition of the complaint.

Interim measures that may be implemented include but are not limited to:

- Temporary suspension of an employee's employment as well as denial of the employee's access to Institution facilities or property;
- Temporary suspension of a student's eligibility for enrollment or attendance, as well as denial of access to facilities or property;
- Temporary suspension or limitation of an individual's eligibility to enjoy certain privileges, or to participate in or attend certain events (or certain kinds of events) without the suspension of employment or enrollment. This action may prohibit an individual's presence on institution property or in certain facilities, or impose conditions that must be met in order for the individual to enjoy certain privileges, participate in activities, or attend events;
- Implementation of a "no contact directive" for which the specific terms and requirements will be articulated by the investigating administrator;
- Security escort for victim;
- Change in the victim's academic situation after an alleged sex offense if those changes are requested by the victim and are reasonably available.

## Disciplinary Proceedings

In cases of alleged sexual assault or other sex offenses handled through on-campus disciplinary hearings, the accuser and accused are entitled to the same opportunities to have others present during their proceedings; and the accuser and accused shall be informed of the outcome of any disciplinary proceeding alleging a sexual assault.

When allegations do not pertain to sexual misconduct, hate crimes or discrimination, the Vice President for Academic and Student Affairs shall oversee the investigation of alleged violations of [Policy D-46](#), *Student Code of Conduct*, and may administer sanctions up to, but not including, suspension or expulsion. If a sanction of suspension or expulsion is recommended, a time shall be set for a hearing before a disciplinary hearing panel not fewer than

five or more than thirty working days after the accused has been notified. When adherence to such limits would be impracticable, deadlines for scheduling of hearings may be extended at the discretion of the Vice President for Academic and Student Affairs.

When allegations pertain to sexual misconduct, hate crimes or discrimination, the Social Justice Officer/Title IX Coordinator shall oversee the investigation of alleged violations of [Policy D-46](#), *Student Code of Conduct*, or [Policy A-44](#), *Sexual Misconduct and Other Forms of Discrimination and Harassment*, and recommend sanctions up to and including suspension, expulsion of a student, or termination of employment. Both complainants and respondents will be notified of the outcome of the investigation and given an opportunity to appeal the outcome of the investigation. If a sanction of suspension or expulsion of a student is recommended, a time shall be set for a hearing before a disciplinary hearing panel not fewer than five or more than thirty working days after the accused has been notified. When adherence to such limits would be impracticable, deadlines for scheduling of hearings may be extended by the Vice President for Academic and Student Affairs in consultation with the Social Justice Officer/Title IX Coordinator. Cases involving gender-based misconduct will be heard only by panels of individuals who have received specialized Title IX training. If a sanction of suspension without pay or termination of employment of an employee is recommended, the employee shall be notified of the intent to suspend or to terminate employment and will be given the opportunity to challenge the sanction before the decision is finalized. Employees may challenge decisions and/or sanctions by filing grievances through the WV Public Employees Grievance Board as explained in [Answer Book #IV-26](#), *Grievance Procedures*.

## Sanctions

The possible disciplinary actions that may be taken against students are listed and defined as follows:

1. An **official warning** indicates that the behavior of the student does not meet the expectations of the college and notifies the student that his/her conduct should be more appropriate in the future.
2. **Activity restriction/loss of privileges** means that college privileges may be restricted, and participation in extra-curricular activities may be limited or denied.
3. **Probation** indicates that additional misconduct may result in suspension or expulsion as determined in a second disciplinary action. While on probation, college privileges may be restricted, and participation in extra-curricular activities may be limited or denied.
4. **Fines**. Previously established and published fines may be imposed.
5. **Restitution**. Compensation for loss, damage, or injury. This may take the form of appropriate service and/or monetary or material replacement.
6. **Discretionary Sanctions**. Work assignments, service to the College or other related assignments, determined at the discretion of the Vice President for Academic and Student Affairs.
7. **Suspension** means separation of the student from the college for a definite period of time not to exceed one year, after which the student is eligible to return. Conditions for readmission may be specified.
8. **Expulsion** means permanent separation from institution, including termination of any remaining right or privilege to receive some benefit or recognition or certification.

Sanctions 1-6 above may be imposed upon a team, group, or student organization. Possible other sanctions involve loss of selected rights and privileges for a specified period of time, and/or loss of all privileges, including college recognition (deactivation), for a specified period of time.

Disciplinary action taken against an employee may involve an official warning, suspension, demotion, reassignment, or termination of employment. Gross misconduct, involving substantial actual and/or potential consequence to operations or persons, flagrant or willful violation of policy, law, or standards of performance or conduct may result in any level of discipline up to and including immediate dismissal at the supervisor's discretion.

## Primary and Ongoing Prevention and Awareness Programs

The primary awareness and prevention programs provided in 2021 were delivered via online compliance courses: “Sexual Violence Awareness & Prevention,” a course produced by Innovative Educators, and two courses, “Title IX: Preventing Sexual Misconduct for Faculty and Staff Responsible Employees” and “Title IX: Preventing Sexual Misconduct for Students,” produced by Traliant. These video-based programs provided critical information about topics related to consent, bystander intervention, sexual assault, dating and domestic violence, stalking, definitions of terms and more.

This training was delivered on an ongoing basis to all students and employees via email for individual completion following a message from the President addressing the institution’s policies and identifying the name and contact information of the institution’s Title IX Coordinator. The Title IX Coordinator monitored completion progress reports provided by the vendors and sought assistance from College 101 faculty to assign the courses as requirements for new freshmen students.

Ongoing prevention and awareness programs are scheduled from time to time by the WVU at Parkersburg DEI (Diversity, Equity, Inclusion) Task Force, the Office of Student Support Services, and various other college committees, clubs and organizations. Such programs are targeted for the campus community and some are also open to the public.

## Emergency Planning and Response

West Virginia University at Parkersburg has developed an emergency response plan that complies with the National Incident Management System and provides facility-specific planning assistance. We encourage all community members to become familiar with their building plans and campus plan. The college performs full-scale exercises, table-top exercises, and/or in-basket exercises to evaluate the plan and training needs.

# CRIME STATISTICS: CLERY DATA

	2021				2020				2019			
	On Campus	Non Campus Building/Property	Public Property	Unfound	On Campus	Non Campus Building/Property	Public Property	Unfound	On Campus	Non Campus Building/Property	Public Property	Unfound
Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Negligent manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor vehicle theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hate Crimes	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

	2021				2019				2019			
	On Campus	Non Campus Building/Property	Public Property	Unfound	On Campus	Non Campus Building/Property	Public Property	Unfound	On Campus	Non Campus Building/Property	Public Property	Unfound
Domestic violence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dating violence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stalking	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
Weapons: carrying, possessing, etc.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Drug abuse violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Liquor law violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0